

Android_WIFI_SDK Development Document

1. Introduction

(1) Software Name:

com.Printer.WIFI

(2) Class Library Name:

Class Name	Description
WifiPrintDriver	WIFI connection and printer operation

2. The Method in Class WifiPrintDriver

● instantiation

WifiPrintDriver (this, mHandler);

Set Handler to receive the messages from SDK, Including state changes, Wifi to send data, Wifi receive data (printer returned data: the error status is returned by MESSAGE_READ) as well as a successful connection and connection failures. Corresponding constants are:

MESSAGE_STATE_CHANGE, MESSAGE_WRITE, MESSAGE_READ, MESSAGE_TOAST

● open and close the connection method

1. Connect to the printer device via WIFI

Public static boolean WIFISocket(String ip, int port);

Parameter: IP: Device IP address

Port: Device port number

The return value: True: Connection is successful

False: Connection is fail

2. Close WIFI connection

Public static boolean Close();

Disconnect from Wi-Fi equipment

3. Check the WIFI connection state

Public static boolean IsNoConnection();

The return value: True: disconnected state

False: connected state

● basic print method

1、Begin(); Initialize the printer

2、Print String or byte data type, if the SDK do not provided the command in instruction manual, a developer can use this method to be sent the command directly to the printer

(1) `public static void WIFI_Write (String dataString)`

Parameter: dataString: String data need to send

(2) `public static void WIFI_Write (String dataString, boolean bGBK)`

Parameter: dataString: String data need to send

bGBK: GBK Flag, `true` or `false`

(3) `public static void WIFI_Write (byte[] out)`

Parameter: out: byte data need to send

(4) `public static void WIFI_Write (byte[] out, int dataLen)`

Parameter: out: byte data need to send

dataLen: data length

3、Print and line feed

`public static void LF();`

4、Print and carriage return

`public static void CR();`

5、Print a self-test page

`public static void SelftestPrint ();`

● print position related methods

1、Set right-side character spacing

`public static void SetRightSpacing (byte Distance);`

[Range] 0 <= Distance <= 255

[Description] Sets the character spacing for the right side of the character to :

[Distance × 0.125 mm (Distance × 0.0049'')]

2、Set absolute print position

`public static void SetAbsolutePrintPosition (byte nL, byte nH);`

[Range] 0 <= nL <= 255 0 <= nH <= 255

[Description] Sets the distance from the beginning of the line to the

position at which subsequent characters are to be printed. The distance from the beginning of the line to the print position is :

$$[(nL + nH \times 256) \times 0.125 \text{ mm}]$$

3、Set relative print position

`public static void SetRelativePrintPosition (byte nL, byte nH);`

[Range] $0 \leq nL \leq 255$ $0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Description] Sets the print starting position based on the current position using horizontal or vertical motion units. This command sets the distance from the current position to:

$$[(nL + nH \times 256) \times 0.125 \text{ mm}]$$

4、Select default line spacing

`public static void SetDefaultLineSpacing ();`

[Description] Selects 3.75 mm ($30 \times 0.125 \text{ mm}$) line spacing

5、Set line spacing

`public static void SetLineSpacing (byte LineSpacing);`

[Range] $0 \leq \text{LineSpacing} \leq 255$

[Description] Sets the line spacing to $[n \times 0.125 \text{ mm}]$

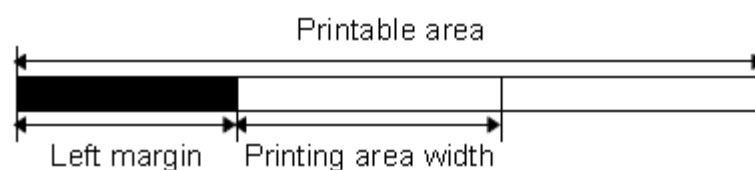
6、Set left margin

`public static void SetLeftStartSpacing (byte nL, byte nH);`

[Range] $0 \leq nL \leq 255$ $0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Description] Sets the left margin using nL and nH. The left margin is set to :

$$[(nL + nH \times 256) \times 0.125 \text{ mm}]$$



7、Set printing area width

`public static void SetAreaWidth (byte nL, byte nH);`

[Range] $0 \leq nL \leq 255$ $0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Description] Sets the printing area width to the area specified by nL and nH. The printing area width is set to :

$$[(nL + nH \times 256) \times 0.125 \text{ mm} (0.0049'')]$$

● character set related methods

1、Select print mode

public static void SetCharacterPrintMode (byte CharacterPrintMode);

[Range] $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] Selects print mode(s) using n as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Character Font A (12×24).
	On	01	1	Character Font B (9×17).
1	-	-	-	Undefined.
2	-	-	-	Undefined.
3	Off	00	0	Emphasized mode not selected.
	On	08	8	Emphasized mode selected.
4	Off	00	0	Double-height mode not selected.
	On	10	16	Double-height mode selected.
5	Off	00	0	Double-width mode not selected.
	On	20	32	Double-width mode selected.
6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode not selected.
	On	80	128	Underline mode selected.

2、Turn underline mode on/off

public static void SetUnderline(byte UnderlineEn);

[Range] $0 \leq \text{UnderlineEn} \leq 2, 48 \leq \text{UnderlineEn} \leq 50$

[Description] Turns underline mode on or off, based on the following values

n	Function
0, 48	Turns off underline mode
1, 49	Turns on underline mode (1 dot thick)
2, 50	Turns on underline mode (2 dots thick)

3、Turn emphasized mode on/off

public static void SetBold (byte BoldEn);

[Range] $0 \leq \text{BoldEn} \leq 255$

[Description] Turns emphasized mode on or off

When the LSB of n is 0, emphasized mode is turned off.

When the LSB of n is 1, emphasized mode is turned on.

4、Select character font

public static void SetCharacterFont(byte Font);

[Range] Font = 0, 1, 48, 49

[Description] Selects the character font.

n	Function
0, 48	Character Font A (12× 24) selected.
1, 49	Character Font B (9×17) selected.

5、Turn 90° clocrotation mode on/off

public static void SetRotate (byte RotateEn);

[Range] $0 \leq \text{RotateEn} \leq 1, \quad 48 \leq \text{RotateEn} \leq 49$

[Description] Turns 90° clockwise rotation mode on/off

RotateEn is used as follows:

RotateEn	Function
0,48	Turns off 90° clockwise rotation mode
1,49	Turns on 90° clockwise rotation mode

6、Select justification

public static void SetAlignMode(byte AlignMode);

[Range] $0 \leq \text{AlignMode} \leq 2, \quad 48 \leq \text{AlignMode} \leq 50$

[Description] Aligns all the data in one line to the specified position.

AlignMode selects the justification as follows:

n	Justification
0,48	Left justification
1, 49	Centering
2, 50	Right justification

7、Turns on/off upside-down printing mode

public static void SetInvertPrint (byte InvertModeEn);

[Range] $0 \leq \text{InvertModeEn} \leq 255$

[Description] Turns upside-down printing mode on or off.

- When the LSB of n is 0, upside-down printing mode is turned off.
- When the LSB of n is 1, upside-down printing mode is turned on.

8、Select character size

public static void SetFontEnlarge (byte FontEnlarge);

[Range] $0 \leq \text{FontEnlarge} \leq 255$

[Description] Selects the character height using bits 0 to 2 and selects the character width using bits 4 to 7, as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0				Character height selection. See Table 2.
1				
2				
3				
4				Character width selection. See Table 1.
5				
6				
7				

Table 1

Table 2

Character Width Selection

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1(normal)
10	16	2(double-width)
20	32	3
30	48	4
40	64	5
50	80	6
60	96	7
70	112	8

Character Height Selection

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1(normal)
01	1	2(double-height)
02	2	3
03	3	4
04	4	5
05	5	6
06	6	7
07	7	8

9、Turn white/black reverse printing mode

`public static void SetBlackReversePrint (byte BlackReverseEn);`

[Range] $0 \leq \text{BlackReverseEn} \leq 255$

[Description] Turns on or off white/black reverse printing mode.

- When the LSB of n is 0, white/black reverse mode is turned off.
- When the LSB of n is 1, white/black reverse mode is turned on.

● kanji control commands related methods

1、Set print mode(s) for Kanji characters

`public static void SetChineseCharacterMode (byte`

`ChineseCharacterMode);`

[Range] $0 \leq \text{ChineseCharacterMode} \leq 255$

[Description] Sets the print mode for Kanji characters, using ChineseCharacterMode as follows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	—	—	—	Undefined.
1	—	—	—	Undefined.
2	Off	00	0	Double-width mode is OFF.
	On	04	4	Double-width mode is ON.
3	Off	00	0	Double-height mode is OFF.
	On	08		Double-height mode is ON.
4	—	—	—	Undefined.
5	—	—	—	Undefined.
6	—	—	—	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode is OFF.
	On	80	128	Underline mode is ON.

2、Select Kanji character mode

`public static void SelChineseCodepage ();`

[Description] Selects Kanji character mode.

3、Cancel Kanji character mode

`public static void CancelChineseCodepage ();`

[Description] Cancels Kanji character mode.

4、Turn underline mode on/off for Kanji characters

`public static void SetChineseUnderline (byte ChineseUnderlineEn);`

[Range] $0 \leq \text{ChineseUnderlineEn} \leq 2$, $48 \leq \text{ChineseUnderlineEn} \leq 50$

[Description] Turns underline mode for Kanji characters on or off, based on the following values of ChineseUnderlineEn.

ChineseUnderlineEn	Function
0, 48	Turns off underline mode for Kanji characters
1, 49	Turns on underline mode for Kanji characters (1-dot thick)
2, 50	Turns on underline mode for Kanji characters (2-dot thick)

● Cash drawer control method

1、Generate pulse

`public static void OpenDrawer (byte DrawerNumber, byte PulseStartTime, byte PulseEndTime);`

[Range] DrawerNumber = 0,1,48,49

$0 \leq \text{PulseStartTime} \leq 255$

$0 \leq \text{PulseEndTime} \leq 255$

[Description] Outputs the pulse specified by PulseStartTime and PulseEndTime to connector pin DrawerNumber as follow :
On time= PulseStartTime x 2 millisecond
Off time= PulseEndTime x 2 millisecond
DrawerNumber =0/48 Drawer kick –out connector pin 2;
DrawerNumber =1/49 Drawer kick –out connector pin 5.

● cutting paper related methods

1、full cut paper

`public static void CutPaper ();`

2、partial cut paper

`public static void PartialCutPaper ();`

3、Select cut mode and cut paper

① `public static void FeedAndCutPaper (byte CutMode);`

② `public static void FeedAndCutPaper (byte CutMode, byte FeedDistance)`

[Range]

① CutMode = 1, 49

② CutMode = 66, $0 \leq \text{FeedDistance} \leq 255$

[Description] Selects a mode for cutting paper and executes paper cutting.

The value of m selects the mode as follows:

CutMode	Print mode
1, 49	Partial cut (one point left uncut)
66	Feeds paper (cutting position + [FeedDistance×0.125 mm]), and cuts the paper partially (one point left uncut).

● special print methods

1、Barcode print

```
public static void AddCodePrint(int CodeType, String data);
```

[Description] CodeType: Barcode types, support UPCA 、UPCE 、EAN13 、EAN8 、CODE39 、ITF 、CODEBAR 、CODE93 、Code128_B;
data: Barcode data

2、Image Print

```
public static void printImage();
```

Printing a specific image